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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/723,831	11/26/2003		Dany Sylvain	7000-313	9280
27820	7590	02/27/2006		EXAMINER	
WITHROW P.O. BOX 12		RANOVA, P.L.L.C	NGUYEN, KHAI MINH		
CARY, NC 27512				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,				2687	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/723,831	SYLVAIN, DANY					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Khai M. Nguyen	2687					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
Period for Reply	VIO OFT TO EVOIDE AMONTH	(O) OD THEETY (O) DAY(O					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	OATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 L	December 2005.						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	·						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are pending in the application.							
·— · · · — · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5-21 and 24-39</u> is/are rejected.	Claim(s) <u>1,2,5-21 and 24-39</u> is/are rejected.						
7) \boxtimes Claim(s) 3,4,22 and 23 is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	ACTION OF TORM PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreiga) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	it of the certified copies not receive	su.					
Attachment(s)		(070,440)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	es □ 11 in et e 11	Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This is in response to the Applicant's amendments and argument filed on December 12, 2005 in which claims 1-39 have been amended. Claims 1-39 are currently pending.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's argument with respect to claim 1-39 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim1-2, 5-21, 24-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mousseau et al. (U.S.Pub-20050159153) in view of McConnell et al. (U.S.Pat-6633636).

Regarding claim 1, Mousseau teaches a method for transitioning a call with a mobile terminal from a packet network to a cellular network (fig.1-4), wherein the call is initially established between a remote device and the mobile terminal via a local

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wireless adaptor coupled to a packet-based network (fig.1-4, element 102, 106, abstract), the method comprising:

a) determining the call should be transferred to the mobile terminal via the cellular network (fig.1-4, abstract, paragraph 0025, 0032-0033, 0069, the message may further indicates that the voice call and any data routing mechanism should be "shifted" to the new network);

b) initiating a first connection between a first media gateway (fig.1, 6-7, router 110, paragraph 0044) and the mobile terminal via the cellular network (fig.1-4, abstract, paragraph 0025, 0032-0033, 0069)

Mousseau fails to specifically discloses effecting a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway and the mobile terminal. However, McConnell teaches the wireless network interface is operable to deliver call routing queries to the wireless network and to receive call routing instructions from the wireless network, McConnell teaches effecting a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway (fig.1, STP 30) and the mobile terminal (fig.4-6, col.2, line 37 to col.3, line 7, col.8, lines 22-48). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to use effecting a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway and the mobile terminal as taught by McConnell with Mousseau teaching in order to provide certain enhanced services in accordance with the call routing instruction received from the service control point.

Regarding claim 2, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the call is initially established to comprise a remote connection between the remote device and a second media gateway (see McConnell, fig.2, element 12, 28) and a local connection between the second media gateway and the mobile terminal via the local wireless adaptor over the packet-based network (see Mousseau, fig.1, 6-7, paragraph 0044).

Regarding claim 5, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 1 wherein determining the call should be transferred comprises:

- a) receiving information from the mobile terminal (see Mousseau, paragraph 0025); and
- b) monitoring the information to determine whether the call should be transferred (see McConnell, abstract, fig.4-6, col.2, line 37 to col.3, line 7).

Regarding claim 6, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 5 wherein the information is received via the local wireless adaptor over the packet-based network (see Mousseau, paragraph 0025, the message may further indicates that the voice call and any data routing mechanism should be "shifted" to the new network).

Regarding claim 7, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 5 wherein the information is a periodic signal indicative of the mobile terminal

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being within a local wireless communication range of the local wireless adaptor (see Mousseau, abstract, 802.11 wireless device is short range).

Regarding claim 8, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 5 wherein the information includes communication metrics bearing on the ability of the mobile terminal to communicate via the local wireless adaptor (see Mousseau, abstract, paragraph 0038).

Regarding claim 9, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 5 wherein the information indicates a user of the mobile terminal desires transfer of the call (see Mousseau, paragraph 0025, 0037).

Regarding claim 10, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 1 further comprising accessing a directory number (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-48), which is assigned to the mobile terminal by the cellular network (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56), wherein the first connection is established using the directory number (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 11, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 10 wherein the directory number is accessed via a home location register (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

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Regarding claim 12, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 11 wherein the home location register accesses the directory number from a visiting location register associated with the cellular network (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 13, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 12 wherein the visiting location register accesses the directory number from a wireless switch (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56), which facilitates at least a portion of the first connection with the mobile terminal (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 14, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 10 wherein the directory number is a temporary directory number and the mobile terminal is also associated with a primary directory number associated with the packet-based network (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 15, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the mobile terminal registers with the cellular network while effecting communications via the local wireless adaptor (see Mousseau, paragraph 0034).

Regarding claim 16, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 15 wherein the mobile terminal registers with the cellular network while the call is in progress (see Mousseau, paragraph 0034, see McConnell, col.2, lines 37-56).

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Regarding claim 17, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 15 wherein the mobile terminal registers with the cellular network prior to the first connection being established via the cellular network (see Mousseau, paragraph 0032-0033, see McConnell, col.2, lines 37-56).

Regarding claim 18, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 1 wherein at least a portion of the call is a voice-over-packet call (see Mousseau, paragraph 0025, see McConnell, col.2, lines 37-56).

Regarding claim 19, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the method of claim 1 wherein at least a portion of the call is facilitated over the public switched telephone network (see McConnell, col.4, lines 10-54).

Regarding claim 20, Mousseau teaches a system for transitioning a call with a mobile terminal from a packet network to a cellular network (fig.1-4), wherein the call is initially established between a remote device and the mobile terminal via a local wireless adaptor coupled to a packet-based network (fig.1-4, element 102, 106, abstract), the system comprising:

a) at least one communication interface (fig.1-4, first wireless network 102, abstract); and

b) a control system associated with the at least one communication interface and adapted (fig.1-4, second wireless network 106, abstract, *second wireless network is an 802.11 wireless network*) to:

- i) determine the call should be transferred to the mobile terminal via the cellular network (fig.1-4, abstract, paragraph 0025, 0032-0033, 0069, the message may further indicates that the voice call and any data routing mechanism should be "shifted" to the new network);
- ii) initiate a first connection between a first media gateway (fig.1, 6-7, router 110, paragraph 0044) and the mobile terminal via the cellular network (fig.1-4, abstract, paragraph 0025, 0032-0033, 0069);

Mousseau fails to specifically discloses effect a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway and the mobile terminal. However, McConnell teaches the wireless network interface is operable to deliver call routing queries to the wireless network and to receive call routing instructions from the wireless network, McConnell teaches effect a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway (fig.1, STP 30) and the mobile terminal (fig.4-6, col.2, line 37 to col.3, line 7, col.8, lines 22-48). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to use effect a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway and the mobile terminal as taught by McConnell with Mousseau teaching in order to provide certain enhanced services in accordance with the call routing instruction received from the service control point.

Regarding claim 21, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 20 wherein the call is initially established to comprise a remote connection between the remote device and a second media gateway (see McConnell, fig.2, element 12, 28) and a local connection between the second media gateway and the mobile terminal via the local wireless adaptor over the packet-based network (see Mousseau, fig.1, 6-7, paragraph 0044).

Regarding claim 24, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 20 wherein to determine the call should be transferred, the control system is further adapted to:

- a) receive information from the mobile terminal (see Mousseau, paragraph 0025); and
- b) monitor the information to determine whether the call should be transferred (see McConnell, abstract, fig.4-6, col.2, line 37 to col.3, line 7).

Regarding claim 25, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 24 wherein the information is received via the local wireless adaptor over the packet-based network (see Mousseau, paragraph 0025, the message may further indicates that the voice call and any data routing mechanism should be "shifted" to the new network).

Regarding claim 26, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 24 wherein the information is a periodic signal indicative of the mobile terminal being within a local wireless communication range of the local wireless adaptor (see Mousseau, abstract, 802.11 wireless device is short range).

Regarding claim 27, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 24 wherein the information includes communication metrics bearing on the ability of the mobile terminal to communicate via the local wireless adaptor (see Mousseau, abstract, paragraph 0038).

Regarding claim 28, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 24 wherein the information indicates a user of the mobile terminal desires transfer of the call (see Mousseau, paragraph 0025, 0037).

Regarding claim 29, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 20 where the control system is further adapted to access a directory number (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56), which is assigned to the mobile terminal by the cellular network wherein the first connection is established using the directory number (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 30, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 29 wherein the directory number is accessed via a home location register (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 31, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 30 wherein the home location register accesses the directory number from a visiting location register associated with the cellular network (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 32, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 31 wherein the visiting location register accesses the directory number from a wireless switch (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56), which facilitates at least a portion of the first connection with the mobile terminal (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 33, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 29 wherein the directory number is a temporary directory number and the mobile terminal is also associated with a primary directory number associated with the packet-based network (see McConnell, col.5, lines 36-56).

Regarding claim 34, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 20 wherein the mobile terminal registers with the cellular network while effecting communications via the local wireless adaptor (see Mousseau, paragraph 0034).

Regarding claim 35, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 33 wherein the mobile terminal registers with the cellular network while the call is in progress (see Mousseau, paragraph 0034, see McConnell, col.2, lines 37-56).

Regarding claim 36, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 33 wherein the mobile terminal registers with the cellular network prior to the first connection being established via the cellular network (see Mousseau, paragraph 0032-0033, see McConnell, col.2, lines 37-56).

Regarding claim 37, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 20 wherein at least a portion of the call is a voice-over-packet call (see Mousseau, paragraph 0025, see McConnell, col.2, lines 37-56).

Regarding claim 38, Mousseau and McConnell further teaches the system of claim 20 wherein at least a portion of the call is facilitated over the public switched telephone network (see McConnell, col.4, lines 10-54).

Regarding claim 39, Mousseau teaches a system for transitioning a call with a mobile terminal from a packet network to a cellular network (fig.1-4), wherein the call is initially established between a remote device and the mobile terminal via a local

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wireless adaptor coupled to a packet-based network (fig.1-4, element 102, 106, abstract), the system comprising:

a) means for determining the call should be transferred to the mobile terminal via the cellular network (fig.1-4, abstract, paragraph 0025, 0032-0033, 0069, the message may further indicates that the voice call and any data routing mechanism should be "shifted" to the new network);

b) initiating a first connection between a first media gateway (fig.1, 6-7, router 110, paragraph 0044) and the mobile terminal via the cellular network (fig.1-4, abstract, paragraph 0025, 0032-0033, 0069);

Mousseau fails to specifically discloses effecting a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway and the mobile terminal. However, McConnell teaches the wireless network interface is operable to deliver call routing queries to the wireless network and to receive call routing instructions from the wireless network, McConnell teaches effecting a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway (fig.1, STP 30) and the mobile terminal (fig.4-6, col.2, line 37 to col.3, line 7, col.8, lines 22-48). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to use effecting a transfer of the call to the first connection between the first media gateway and the mobile terminal as taught by McConnell with Mousseau teaching in order to provide certain enhanced services in accordance with the call routing instruction received from the service control point.

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Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 3-4, 22-23 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khai M. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571.272.7923. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, George En can be reached on 571.272.7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Khai Nguyen AU: 2687

2/15/2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER